

DESCRIPTION

The EV2321-D-00A is used for demonstrating the performance of MP2321, a fully-integrated, high efficiency, synchronous step-down switch mode converter with the feathered 40uA quiescent current. MP2321 provides up to 2A continuous output current over a wide input supply range with constant-on-time control for fast loop response.

High power efficiency over a wide load range is achieved by scaling down the switching frequency at light load to reduce the switching related loss by constant on time control. Short circuit and thermal shutdown provides reliable, fault-tolerant operation.

MP2321 is available in 2mmx3mm 14-pin QFN package.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION ⁽¹⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	12	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	1.2	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	2	A
Switching Frequency	F_{sw}	500	kHz

Notes:

- 1) For different input, output spec, please refer to Ramp with small ESR cap, External Bootstrap Diode. Set the Frequency and TYPICAL APPLICATION CRUIT section on datasheet to choose proper values.

FEATURES

- 4V to 19V Operating Input Range
- 2A Output Current
- 40uA Quiescent Current
- Output Adjustable from 0.6V
- 110mΩ/40mΩ High Side/Low Side $R_{DS(ON)}$ for Internal Power MOSFETs
- Power Good Indicator
- Programmable Soft-Start Time
- Forced PWM or Auto PFM/PWM Mode Selectable
- Programmable Switching Frequency
- Thermal Shutdown
- Short Circuit Protection: Hiccup Mode
- Available in QFN14 (2mmx3mm) Package

APPLICATIONS

- Tablet PCs
- Solid State Drives
- Gaming
- Battery-operated Applications

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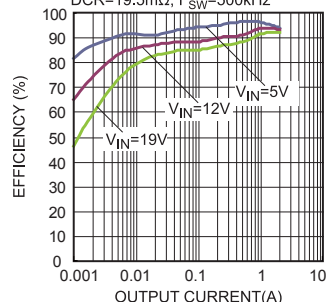
EV2321-D-00A EVALUATION BOARD



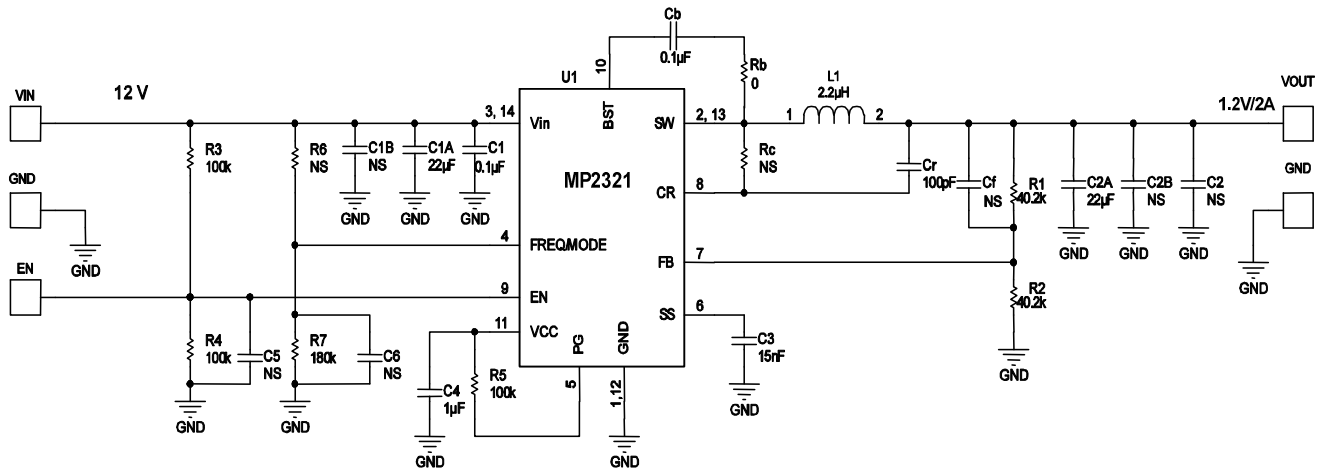
Board Number	MPS IC Number
EV2321-D-00A	MP2321GD

Efficiency vs. Output Current

Auto PFM/PWM, $V_{OUT}=3.3V$, $L=4.7\mu H$,
DCR=19.5mΩ, $F_{sw}=500kHz$



EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC



Notes:

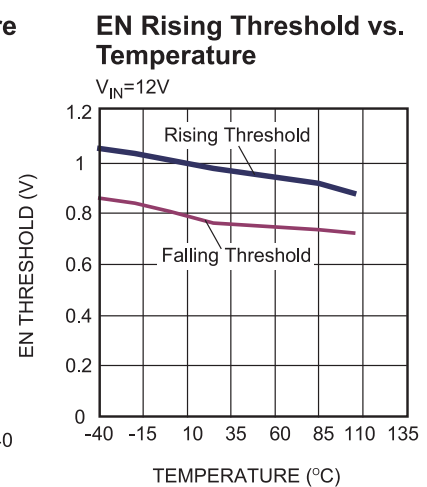
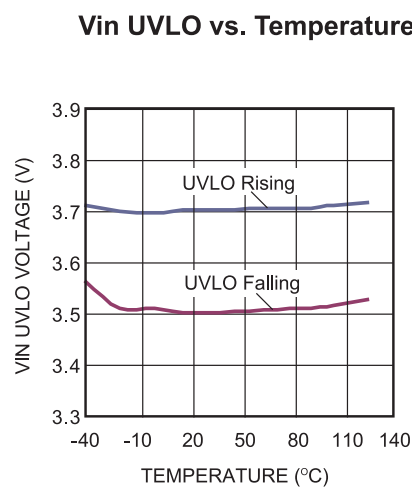
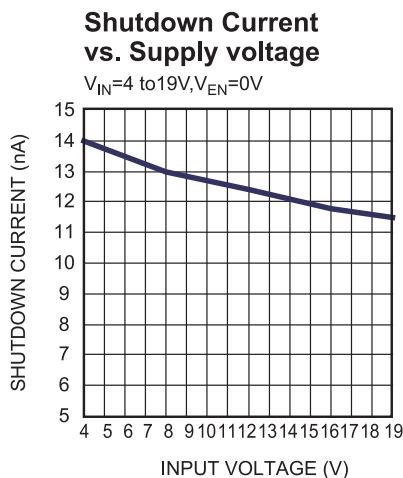
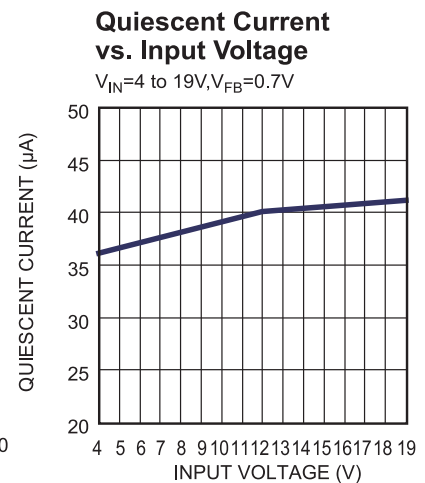
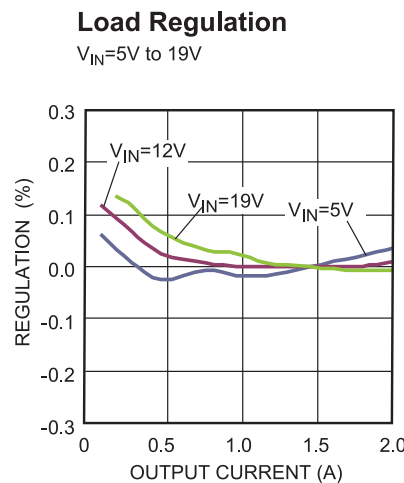
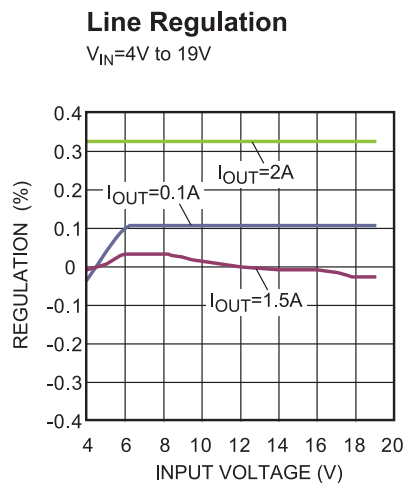
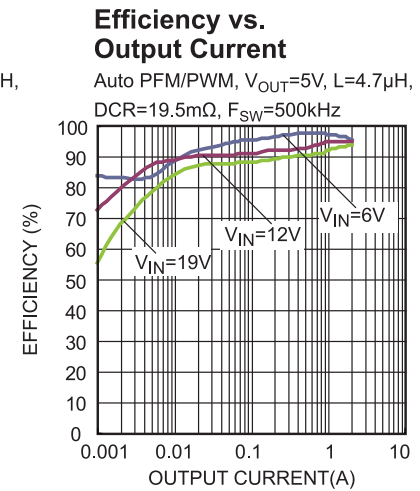
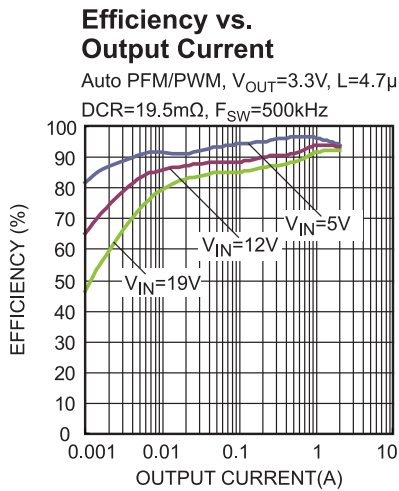
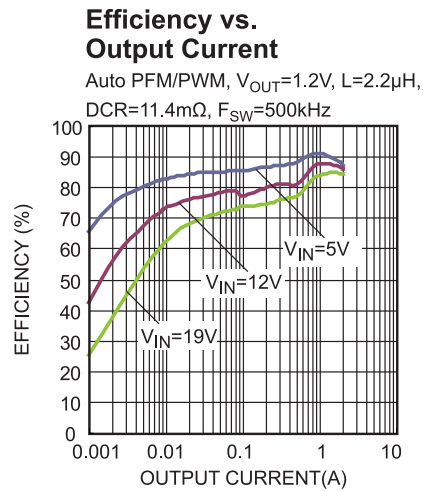
Use R6 and not use R7 to set part work at forced PWM Mode, Use R7 and not use R6 to set part work at Auto PFM/PWM Mode. Please TYPICAL APPLICATION CRCUIT SECTION on DS to select R6.

EV2321-D-00A BILL OF MATERIALS

Qty	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacturer P/N
2	R1, R2	40.2k	Film Res, 1%	0603	ROYAL	RL0603FR-0740K2L
3	R3, R4, R5	100k	Film Res, 1%	0603	ROYAL	RL0603FR-07100KL
0	R6, Rc	NS				
1	R7	180k	Film Res, 1%	0603	ROYAL	RL0603FR-07180KL
1	Rb	0Ω	Film Res, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-070RL
1	C1	0.1μF	Ceramic Cap,25V,X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71E104KA01D
0	C2, C5, C6, Cf, C1B, C2B	NS				
1	Cb	0.1μF	Ceramic Cap, 16V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71C104KA01D
1	C3	15nF	Ceramic Cap, 50V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71H153KA01D
1	C4	1μF	Ceramic Cap,16V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71C105KA12D
1	Cr	100pF	Ceramic Cap, 50V, C0G	0603	Murata	GRM1885C1H101JA01D
1	C1A	22μF	Ceramic Cap,25V,X7R	1206	Murata	GRM31ER71E226KE15L
1	C2A	22μF	Ceramic Cap,10V,X7R	1206	Murata	GRM31CR71A226KE15L
1	L1	2.2μH	Inductor, DCR=11.4mΩ, Isat=12A	SMD	Wurth	744311220
1	U1	MP2321GD	Synchronous Step-down Converter	QFN14(2mmX3mm)	MPS	MP2321GD

EVB TEST RESULTS

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.
 $V_{IN}=12V$, $V_{OUT}=1.2V$, $L=2.2\mu H$, $T_A=25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.



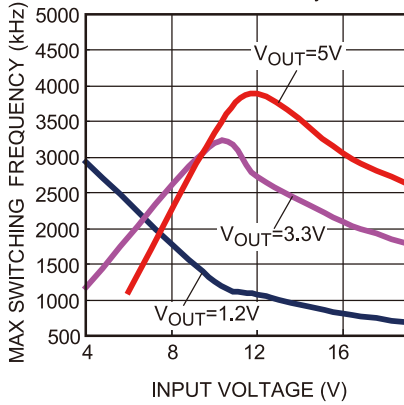
EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

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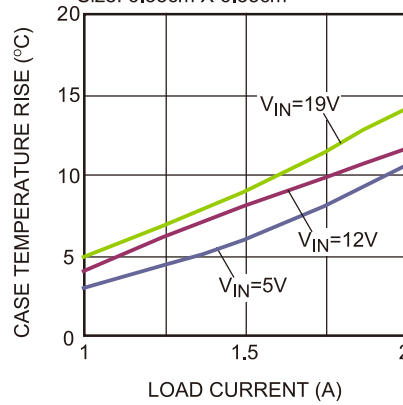
Max Frequency vs. Input Voltage

Consider the minimum on time and minimum off time only



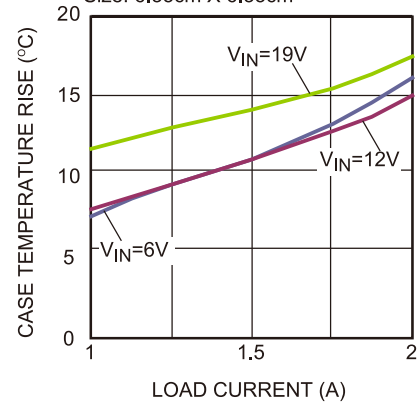
Case Temperature Rise vs. I_{OUT}

$V_{OUT}=1.2V$, $I_{OUT}=1A$ to $2A$, 4 Layers PCB, Size: 6.35cm X 6.35cm



Case Temperature Rise vs. I_{OUT}

$V_{OUT}=5V$, $I_{OUT}=1A$ to $2A$, 4 Layers PCB, Size: 6.35cm X 6.35cm



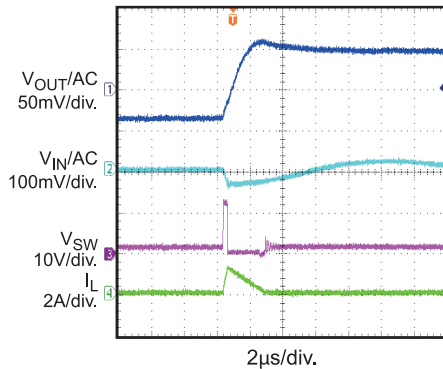
EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

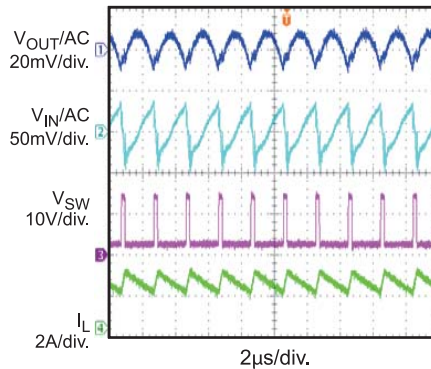
$V_{IN}=12V$, $V_{OUT}=1.2V$, $L=2.2\mu H$, $T_A=25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

Input/Output Ripple

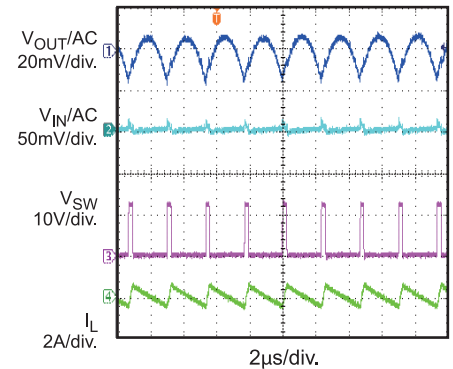
Auto PFM/PWM, $I_{OUT}=0A$

**Input/Output Ripple**

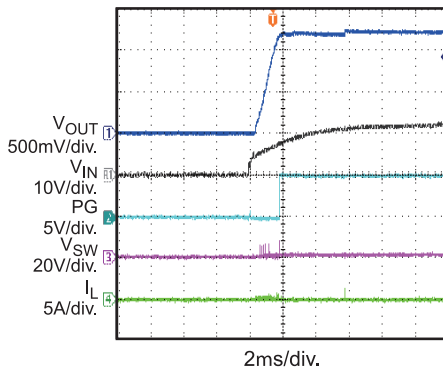
$I_{OUT} = 2A$

**Input/Output Ripple**

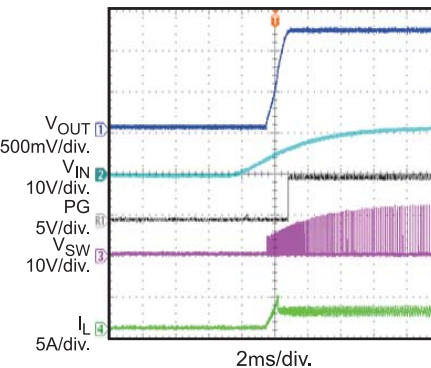
Forced PWM, $I_{OUT}=0A$

**Start-Up through V_{IN}**

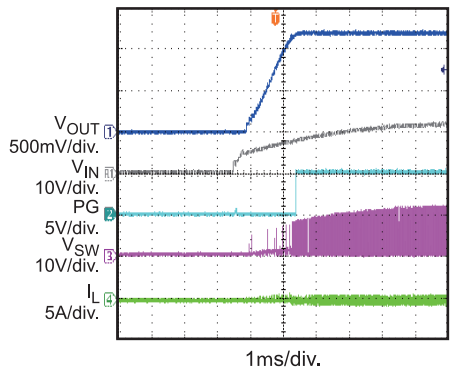
Auto PFM/PWM, $I_{OUT}=0A$

**Start-Up through V_{IN}**

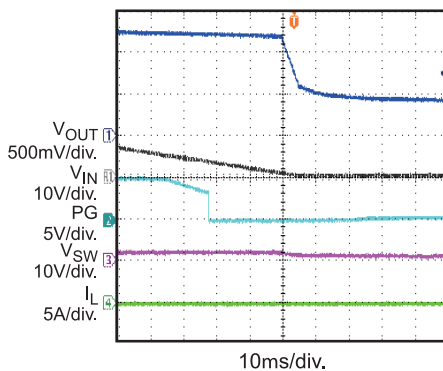
$I_{OUT} = 2A$

**Start-Up through V_{IN}**

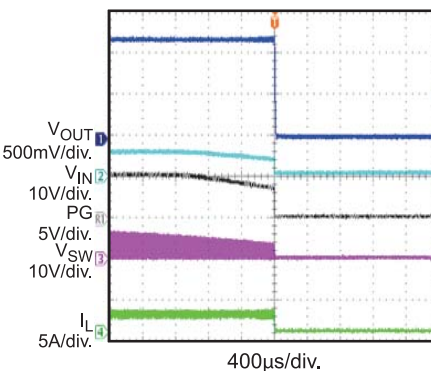
Forced PWM, $I_{OUT}=0A$

**Shutdown through V_{IN}**

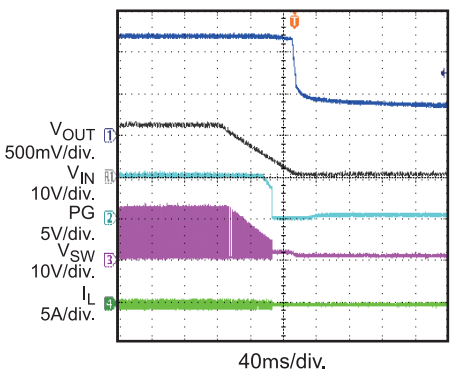
Auto PFM/PWM, $I_{OUT}=0A$

**Shutdown through V_{IN}**

$I_{OUT} = 2A$

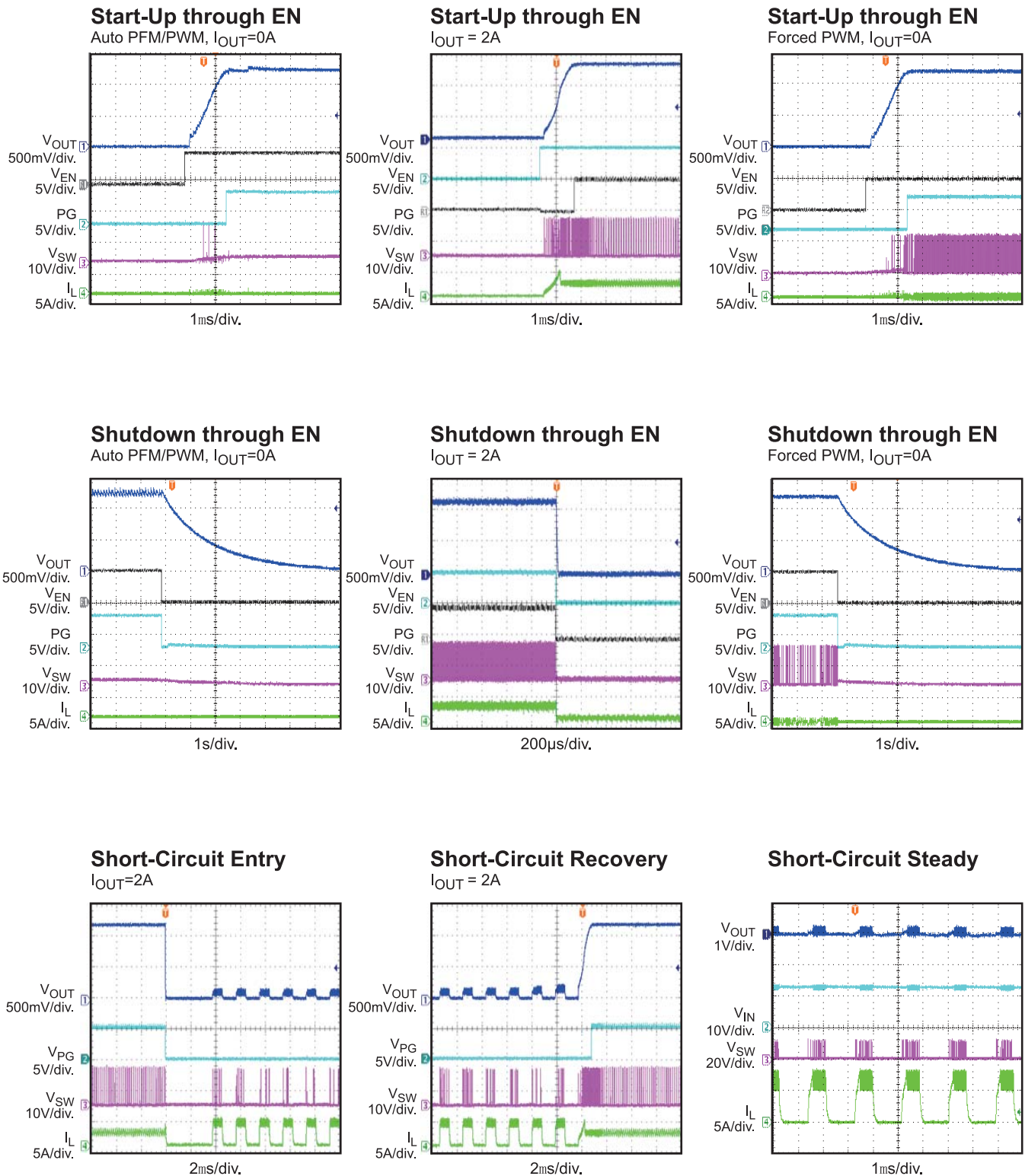
**Shutdown through V_{IN}**

Forced PWM, $I_{OUT}=0A$



EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

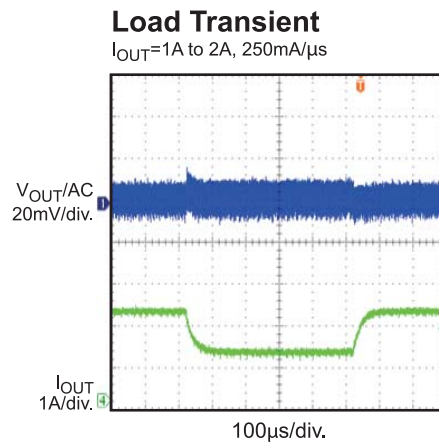
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EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

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PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT

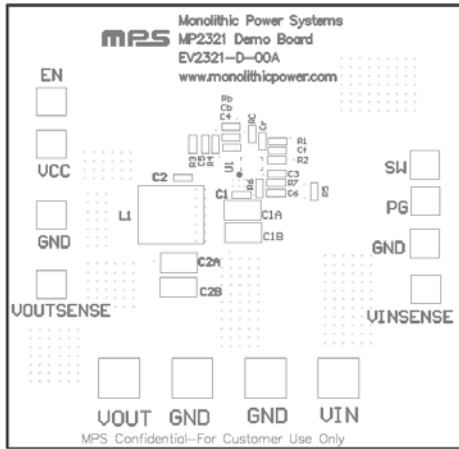


Figure 1—Top Silk Layer

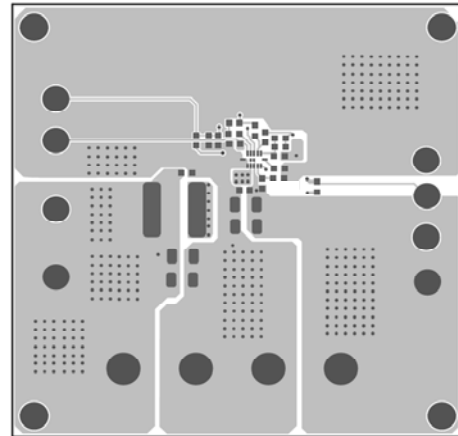


Figure 2—Top Layer

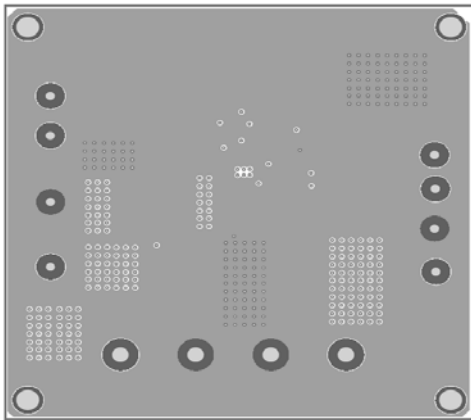


Figure 3— Inner 1 Layer

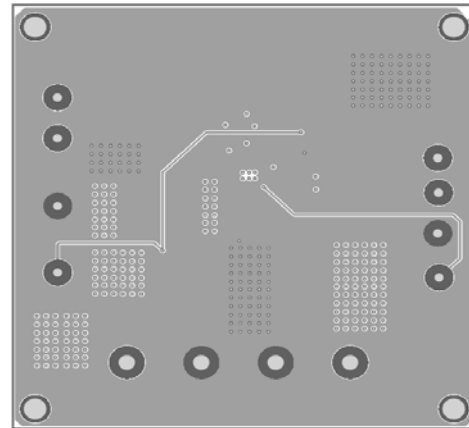


Figure 4— Inner 2 Layer

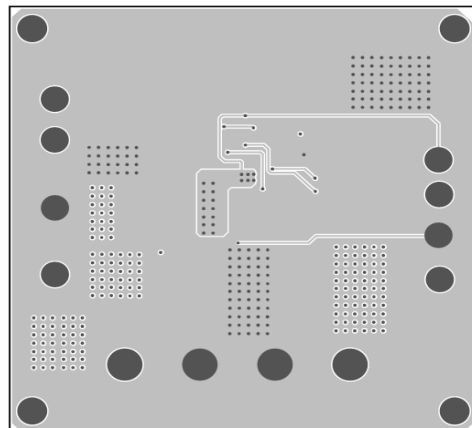


Figure 5— Bottom Layer

QUICK START GUIDE

1. Connect the positive and negative terminals of the load to the VOUT and GND pins, respectively.
2. Preset the power supply output at 12V, and then turn off the power supply.
3. Connect the positive and negative terminals of the power supply output to the VIN and GND pins, respectively.
4. Turn the power supply on. The board will automatically start up.
5. To use the Enable function, apply a digital input to the EN pin. Drive EN higher than 1.6V to turn on the regulator or less than 0.4V to turn it off.

LAYOUT RECOMMENDATION OF MP2321

Proper layout of the switching power supplies is very important, and sometimes critical for proper function. Poor layout design can result in poor line or load regulation and stability issues. Please follow these guidelines and take Page 5 as reference:

1. The high current paths (GND, IN and SW) should be placed very close to the device with short, direct and wide traces.
2. The input capacitor needs to be as close as possible to the IN and GND pins.
3. The Mode/Frequency circuit should be placed close to the part.
4. The external feedback resistors should be placed next to the FB pin.
5. Keep the switching node SW short and away from the feedback network.

In order to have better performances, it is better to use four layer boards. The inner 1 and 2 layers are Ground.

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